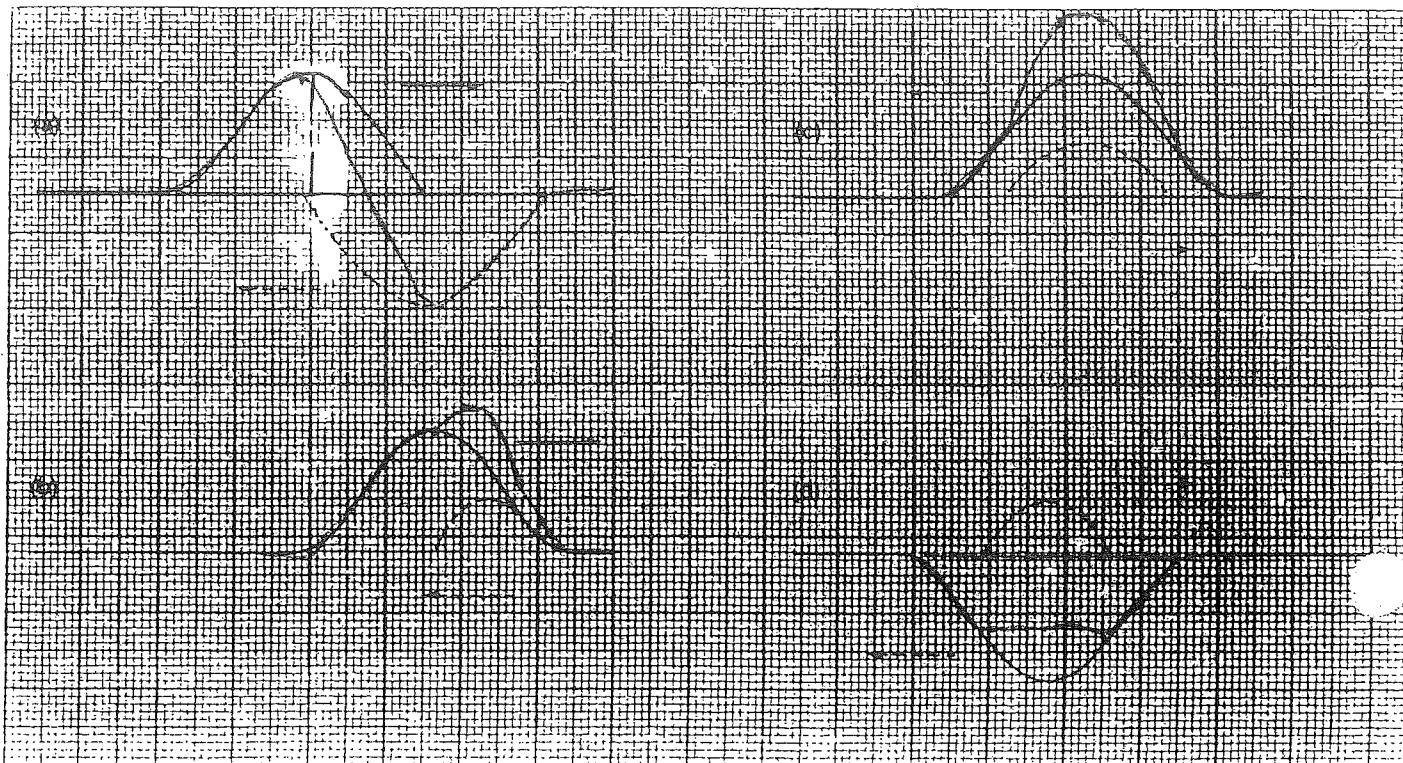


30. Trace the pulses illustrated into your notebook, and determine the resultant displacement of the particles of the medium at each instant, using the Principle of Superposition.

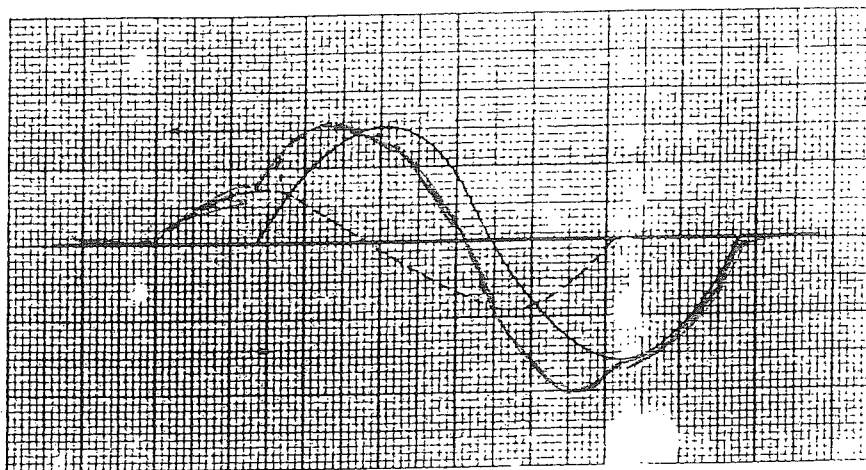
Key Phys II Worksheet  
- waves interf.  
+ superposition



2.  
31.

Trace the waves illustrated into your notebook and determine their resultant displacement.

~~13~~



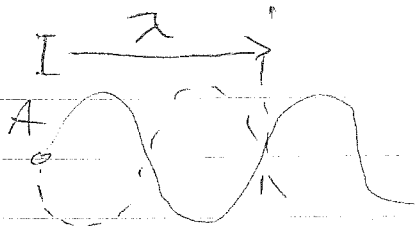
30 (a)

$$\lambda = 2.6 \text{ cm}$$

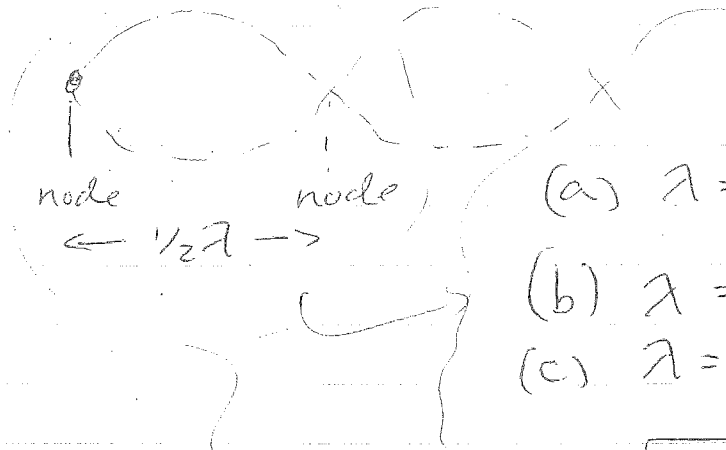
$$(b) v = \frac{d}{t} = \frac{9.2 \text{ cm}}{3.0 \text{ s}}$$

$$v = 3.1 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$(c) f = \frac{v}{\lambda} = \frac{3.1 \text{ cm/s}}{2.6} = 1.2 \text{ Hz}$$



4.



$$(a) \lambda = 2 \times 1.5 \text{ m} = \boxed{3.0 \text{ m}}$$

$$(b) \lambda = 2 \times 4.0 \text{ cm} = \boxed{8.0 \text{ cm}}$$

$$(c) \lambda = 2 \times 48 \text{ mm} = \boxed{96 \text{ mm}}$$

$$5. (a) \lambda = 2 \times 25.0 \text{ cm} = \boxed{50.0 \text{ cm}}$$

$$(b) v = f \lambda = (200 \text{ Hz})(50.0 \text{ cm}) = 10000 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$\boxed{v = 100 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$6. f = 10.0 \text{ Hz}$$

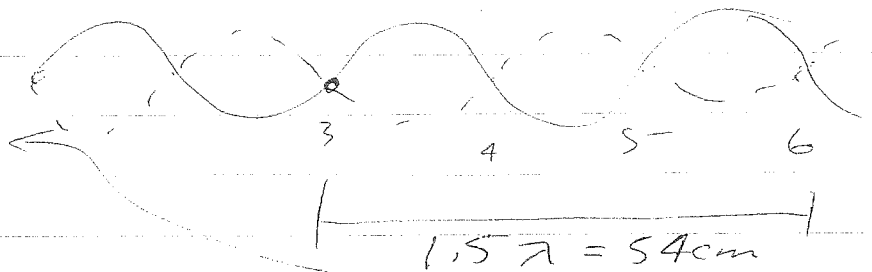
$$(a) \lambda = \frac{54 \text{ cm}}{1.5}$$

$$\boxed{\lambda = 36 \text{ cm}}$$

$$(b) v = f \lambda$$

$$= (10 \text{ Hz})(36 \text{ cm})$$

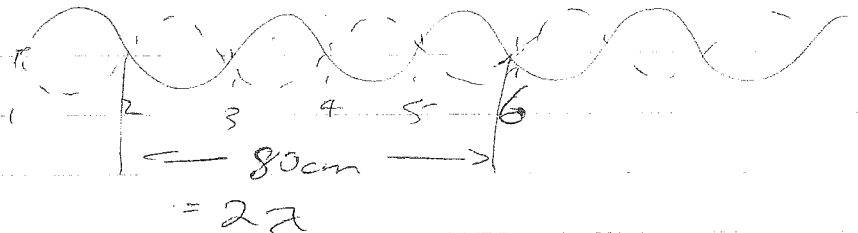
$$\boxed{v = 3.6 \times 10^2 \text{ cm/s} = 3.6 \text{ m/s}}$$



$$7. v = 6.0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{80 \text{ cm}}{2}$$

$$\boxed{\lambda = 40 \text{ cm}}$$



$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda} = \frac{6.0 \text{ m/s}}{0.4 \text{ m}}$$

$$\boxed{f = 15 \text{ Hz}}$$